

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 350/P230 - ANTI-DAMP PAINT - WHITE

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	350/P230 - ANTI-DAMP PAINT - WHITE	
Product number	350/P230/1	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	Paint.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of t	he safety data sheet	
Supplier	COO-VAR Lockwood Street Hull HU2 0HN +44 (0) 1482 328053(T) +44 (0) 1482 219266(F) info@coo-var.co.uk	
Contact person	Technical Department -, 08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri, as above	
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	mber	
Emergency telephone	+44 (0) 1482 328053 Coo-Var (08.30 - 16.30 hrs Mon - Thurs, 08.30 - 15.00 hrs Fri)	
SDS No.	11555	
SECTION 2: Hazards identific	ation	
2.1. Classification of the subst	ance or mixture	
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		
Physical hazards	Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	
Health hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H335, H336	
Environmental hazards	Not Classified	
2.2. Label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	Danger	

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.</li> <li>P102 Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.</li> <li>P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin with water or shower.</li> <li>P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.</li> <li>P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Contains a biocidal product for the preservation of dry film.
Contains	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS, Portland Cement Clincker
2.2 Other hererde	

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures		
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <29	6 AROMATICS	30-60%
CAS number: —	EC number: 919-857-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119463258-33-XXXX
Classification	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226	Xn;R65. R1	10,R66,R67.
STOT SE 3 - H336		
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
Portland Cement Clincker		10-30%
CAS number: 65997-15-1	EC number: 266-043-4	
Classification	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315	Xi;R37,R38	
Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
STOT SE 3 - H335		

Calcium Carbonate		5-10%
CAS number: 1317-65-3	EC number: 215-279-6	
Classification Not Classified	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Titanium Dioxide		5-10%
CAS number: 13463-67-7	EC number: 236-675-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119489379-17-xxxx
Classification Not Classified	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Diatomaceous Earth		1-5%
CAS number: 61790-53-2	EC number: 310-127-6	
Classification Not Classified	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
Organoclay		<1%
CAS number: 68953-58-2	EC number: 273-219-4	
Classification Not Classified	Classificatio	on (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one		<0.075%
CAS number: 64359-81-5	EC number: 264-843-8	
M factor (Acute) = 100	M factor (Chronic) = 1	
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		
The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Haza	d Statements are Displayed in Se	ection 16.
SECTION 4: First aid measures		
1.1. Description of first aid measures		

4.1. Description of first aid	d measures
General information	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
Skin contact	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.
4.3. Indication of any immediat	te medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendations.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	ures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture
Specific hazards	Toxic gases or vapours. FLAMMABLE. Solvent vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Risk of re-ignition after fire has been extinguished. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e measures
6.1. Personal precautions, prof	tective equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Ensure suitable respiratory protection is worn during removal of spillages in confined areas.
6.2. Environmental precautions	3
6.2. Environmental precautions Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.
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Environmental precautions 6.3. Methods and material for o	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body. <b>containment and cleaning up</b> Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
Environmental precautions 6.3. Methods and material for of Methods for cleaning up	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body. <b>containment and cleaning up</b> Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers of this product. To assist employers, the following method of calculating the weight for any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity value given in section 9. This will give the net weight of the coating in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions	Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep containers upright. Store in tightly-closed, original container. Store away from the following materials: Oxidising materials. Alkalis. Acids.
Storage class	Flammable liquid storage. The storage and use of this product is subject to the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR). The requirements are given in the HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Storage of Dangerous Substances: DSEAR. Up to 250 litres of liquids with a flashpoint above 32C but below 55C may be kept in a workroom provided they are kept in closed containers in a marked, fire-resisting cupboard or bin. Larger quantities must be kept in a separate , marked storeroom conforming to the structural requirements contained in the HSE guidance note Storage of Flammable Liquids in Containers.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
Usage description	Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

### Portland Cement Clincker

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### Calcium Carbonate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable dust

#### **Titanium Dioxide**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable dust

#### **Diatomaceous Earth**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable dust

### Organoclay

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> inhalable dust Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable dust WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

#### HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

DNEL	Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
PNEC	No PNEC available. Substance is a hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk assessment of this complex substance.
	Titanium Dioxide (CAS: 13463-67-7)
DNEL	Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 700 mg/kg/day
PNEC	<ul> <li>Fresh water; 0.184 mg/l</li> <li>marine water; 0.0184 mg/l</li> <li>Sediment (Freshwater); &gt;=1000 mg/kg</li> <li>Sediment (Marinewater); &gt;=100 mg/kg</li> <li>Soil; 100 mg/kg</li> <li>STP; 100 mg/kg</li> <li>Chlorinated Paraffin 48 (CAS: 63449-39-8)</li> </ul>
DNEL	Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 2.35 mg/m³ Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 20 mg/kg/day Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.167 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 8.3 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.003 mg/l - marine water; 0.001 mg/l - STP; 60 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 5710 mg/kg - Soil; 4640 mg/kg
8.2. Exposure controls	

### Protective equipment



# Appropriate engineering controls

Eye/face protection

Hand protection

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Wear chemical splash goggles.

To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standards EN388 and 374. As a general principle, exposure should be managed by means other than the provision of protective gloves. Manufacturer's performance data suggest that the optimum glove for use should be: Polyethylene. Thickness:  $\geq 0.062$  mm or Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA). Thickness: 0.2 - 0.3 mm Permeation breakthrough time according to EN374 - class: (1-6) e.g. minimum 480 mins. Caution: The performance of gloves under actual working conditions can be significantly affected by many factors and the information provided according to EN374 may not accord with what is achieved in practice. We recommend that expert professional advice is sought that takes into account of the work processes and working environment applicable for each task where gloves are to be worn.

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Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent reasonably probable skin contact.
Hygiene measures	No specific hygiene procedures recommended but good personal hygiene practices should always be observed when working with chemical products.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended occupational exposure limit. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of vapours, use suitable respiratory equipment with combination filter (type A2/P3).

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic phys	ical and chemical properties	
Appearance	Viscous liquid. Coloured liquid.	
Colour	White / off-white.	
Odour	Slight. Organic solvents.	
Flash point	36°C Closed cup.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: 0.6 - 7% approximate	
Vapour density	heavier than air	
Relative density	1.48 @ @ 20°C	
Viscosity	7 - 9 P @ 25 C°C	
9.2. Other information		
Volatility	50	
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of <400 g/litre.	
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity	
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not determined.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials: Acids. Oxidising agents.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Strong alkalis. Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.	
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	on products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Oxides of carbon. Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological in	formation	

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Inhalation	Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation. Vapour may irritate respiratory system/lungs.
Ingestion	Liquid irritates mucous membranes and may cause abdominal pain if swallowed.
Skin contact	Product has a defatting effect on skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May cause allergic contact eczema. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause severe irritation.
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.
Acute and chronic health hazards	This product has low toxicity. Only large quantities are likely to have adverse effects on human health.
Route of exposure	Inhalation Skin absorption. Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact.
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies. Avoid vomiting and stomach flushing because of the risk of aspiration.

### Toxicological information on ingredients.

### HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Acute toxicity - oral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,100.0
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	5,100.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	5,100.0
Species	Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	5,100.0
Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC <sub>50</sub> vapours mg/l)	5,100.0
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	5,100.0
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Not irritating.
Serious eye damage/irritatio	on
Serious eye damage/irritation	Not irritating.
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Not sensitising.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Chromosome aberration: Negative. This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Fertility: - , Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Developmental toxicity: - : , Inhalation, Rat This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	Not available.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Kinematic viscosity <= 20.5 mm2/s.
Inhalation	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Central nervous system depression.
Ingestion	Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.
Skin contact	Product has a defatting effect on skin. May cause allergic contact eczema.
Eye contact	No specific health hazards known.
Route of exposure	Inhalation Dermal

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecological information on ingredients.

### HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Acute aquatic toxicity	
Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, > 96 hours: 1000 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) Substance did not cause acute toxicity to fish
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater invertebrates $EC_{50}$ , 48 hours: >1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	$EC_{50}$ , > 72 hours: 1000 mg/l, Freshwater algae Substance did not cause acute toxicity to the freshwater green algae
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, >: 100 mg/l, Activated sludge
Chronic aquatic toxicity	
Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage	NOEC, 28 days: 0.131 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	NOEC, 28 days: 0.23 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Revision date: 24/06/2020

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### 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

Acute aquatic toxicity	
LE(C)50	0.001 < L(E)C50 ≤ 0.01
M factor (Acute)	100
Acute toxicity - fish	LC50, ~ 96 hours: 0.0078 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)
Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, ~ 48 hours: 0.0097 mg/l, Daphnia magna
Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	$EC_{50}$ , ~ 72 hours: 0.025 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus
Acute toxicity - microorganisms	EC₅₀, 3 hours : 2942 mg/l, Activated sludge
Chronic aquatic toxicity	
M factor (Chronic)	1

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is not expected to be biodegradable. The product contains mainly inorganic substances which are not biodegradable. The other substances in the product are expected to be readily biodegradable. Volatile substances are degraded in the atmosphere within a few days.

Ecological information on ingredients.

### HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Persistence and degradability	The product is readily biodegradable.
Phototransformation	Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air
Biodegradation	- 80 Degradation (%): 28 days Test - 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respiratory Test

#### 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

Persistence and	The product is biodegradable.
degradability	

### Biodegradation - DT<sub>50</sub>: 1.5 days

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

### HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS

Bioaccumulative potential The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 5 - 6.7

4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one

Bioaccumulative po	<b>tential</b> Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water solubility of this product. BCF: 13,
Partition coefficient	log Kow: 4.4
12.4. Mobility in soil	
-	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.
Ecological information on ingred	ients.
	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS
Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. Readily absorbed into soil.
Adsorption/desorpt coefficient	ion Not available.
Surface tension	24.5 mN/m @ 20°C
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB a	assessment
Results of PBT and vPvB	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
Ecological information on ingred	ients.
	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS
Results of PBT and assessment	<b>I vPvB</b> This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
	4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one
Results of PBT and assessment	<b>VPvB</b> This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.
Ecological information on ingredients.	
	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, <2% AROMATICS
Other adverse effe	cts Not known.
SECTION 13: Disposal consider	ations
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
General information	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.
-	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the ocal Waste Disposal Authority.

Waste classWhen this coating, in its liquid state, as supplied, becomes a waste, it is categorised as<br/>hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11\* (SOLVENT BASED LIQUID WASTE). Part-used<br/>containers, not drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dried residues of the<br/>supplied coating, are categorised as hazardous waste, with code 08 01 11\* (SOLVENT<br/>BASED LIQUID WASTE). If mixed with other wastes, the above waste code may not be<br/>applicable. Used containers, drained and/or rigorously scraped out and containing dry<br/>residues of the supplied coating, are categorised as non-hazardous waste, with code 15 01 02<br/>(plastic packaging) or 15 01 04 (metal packaging).

### SECTION 14: Transport information

General	This product is packed in accordance with the Limited Quantity Provisions of CDGCPL2, ADR and IMDG.
14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1263
UN No. (IMDG)	1263
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	PAINT PRODUCT
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	PAINT PRODUCT
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	PAINT PRODUCT
Proper shipping name (ADN)	PAINT PRODUCT
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR/RID class	3
IMDG class	3
Transport labels	
14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	III
IMDG packing group	III
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.	
14.6. Special precautions for user	

EmS F-E, S-E

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18
	December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of
	Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
	Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.
	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16
	December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.
	Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002 [L138]

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Revision comments	Issued in new format for Reach compliance in accordance with EC 1272/2008 Issued in accordance with Annex II to REACH, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 Revision of in can biocides information.
Issued by	Technical Dept. (P.E.)
Revision date	24/06/2020
Revision	3.1
Supersedes date	24/01/2019
SDS number	11555
SDS status	Approved.
Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H302 Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H330 Fatal if inhaled.</li> <li>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.</li> <li>H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Signature	Initials

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.