

Creation Date 28-Apr-2009

Revision Date 06-Mar-2018

Revision Number 1

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identification

Desident Deserviciens	A (
Product Description:	Acetone
Cat No. :	01.1380.75
Synonyms	2-
	Propanone
CAS-No	67-64-1
EC-No.	200-662-2
Molecular Formula	C3 H6 O
Reach Registration Number	-
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Sector of use	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Product category	PC21 - Laboratory chemicals
Process categories	PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent
Environmental release category	ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)
Uses advised against	No Information available
1.3. Details of the supplier of the sa	
Company	Total Lab Supplies
	Unit 6, Ketterer Court
	St Helens
	WA9 3AH
	United Kingdom
	Office Tel: +44 (0) 1744 455 000
	Office Fax: +44 (0) 1744 455 001
F	
E-mail address	sales@totallabsupplies.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

01744 455 000

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids

Category 2 (H225)

Acetone

Health hazards

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

P280 - Wear eye protection/ face protection

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bio accumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bio accumulative (vPvB)

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No) .	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Acetone	67-64-1	EEC No. 200	0-662-2	>95	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336) EUH066
Reach Registration Number					-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

Category 2 (H319) Category 3 (H336)

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice	if symptoms persist, call a physician.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed

None reasonably foreseeable. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: May cause pulmonary edema: Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

do not use water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Containers may explode when heated. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Formaldehyde, Methanol.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use sparkproof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapours by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Flammables area. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive 2006/15/EC of 7 February 2006 establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work. **UK** - EH40/2005 Containing the workplace exposure limits (WELs) for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as

Acetone

amended). Updated by September 2006 official press release and October 2007 Supplement. **IRE -** 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority.

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Component	The United Kingdom	European Union	Ireland
Acetone	TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hr	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hr.
	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8 hr	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8 hr.
	STEL: 1500 ppm		STEL: 1500 ppm 15 min
	STEL: 3620 mg/m ³		STEL: 3630 mg/m ³ 15
	-		min

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General Methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) See table for values

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral				
Dermal				186 mg/kg
Inhalation	2420 mg/m ³			1210 mg/m ³
Predicted No Effect Concentration	See values below.			
(PNEC)				
Fresh water	10.6 mg/l			
Fresh water sediment	30.4			
	mg/kg			
Marine water	1.06 mg/l			
Marine water sediment	3.04			
	mg/kg			
Water Intermittent	21 mg/l			
Microorganisms in sewage	100 mg/l			
treatment	5			
Soil (Agriculture)	29.5			
	mg/kg			
8.2. Exposure controls	0.0			

Engineering Measures

Dereenel protective equipment

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Eye Protection	•	Goggles (European standard - EN 166)				
Hand Protection	Protective gloves	Protective gloves				
Glove material	Breakthrough time Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments			

Acetone				Revision Date 06-Mar-2018
_ Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.5 mm	EN 374 Level 6	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Neoprene gloves	< 30 minutes	utes 0.45 mm		Chemicald
Skin and body prote	ction long slee	ved clothing		
(Refer to manufacturer/su Ensure gloves are suitable Sensitisation effects, also of cuts, abrasion. Remove gloves with care Respiratory Protecti	ctions regarding permea pplier for information) e for the task: Chemical take into consideration avoiding skin contamina on When woi appropria To protec used and	compatibility, De the specific local ation. rkers are facing c te certified respira	xterity, Operational co conditions under whit oncentrations above t ators. piratory protective equ	e provided by the supplier of the gloves. onditions, User susceptibility, e.g. ch the product is used, such as the danger the exposure limit they must use ipment must be the correct fit and be
Large scale/emergency	are excee	ded or if irritation	or other symptoms a	136 approved respirator if exposure limits re experienced solvent Type AX Brown conforming to
Small scale/Laboratory	Use a NIC limits are Recomm 141	exceeded or if irr ended half masl	itation or other sympto	405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

Environmental exposure controls Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system. SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Colourless	
Physical State	Liquid	Method - Closed cup
Odour	sweet	
Odour Threshold	19.8 ppm	Liquid
рН	7	
Melting Point/Range	-95 °C / -139 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	56 °C / 132.8 °F	(Air = 1.0)
Flash Point	-20 °C / -4 °F	Liquid
Evaporation Rate	5.6 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)	Elquid
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable	
Explosion Limits	Lower 2.1 vol%	
	Upper 13 vol%	
Vapour Pressure	247 mbar @ 20 °C	
Vapour Density	2.0	
Specific Gravity / Density	0.790	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	
Water Solubility	soluble	Vapours may form explosive mixtures with
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	air

Acetone

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wa	•
Component	log Pow
Acetone	-0.24
Autoignition Temperature 465	°C / 869 °F Decomposition
Temperature > 4°C	0.32 mPa.s @ 20 °C
Viscosity	
Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties	Not explosive Not oxidising
Oxidizing Properties	Not oxidising
9.2. Other information	
Molecular Formula	C3 H6 O
Molecular Weight	58.08
Refractive index	1.358 - 1.359
S	ECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
10.1. Reactivity	None known, based on information available
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reac	<u>tions</u>
Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Hazardous Reactions	None under normal processing.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong reducing agents. Strong bases. Peroxides. Halogenated compounds. Alkali metals. Amines.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition pro	oducts

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Formaldehyde. Methanol.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Product Information

(a) Acute toxicity; Oral	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Dermal	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Inhalation

the classification criteria are nc

	ine				
Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation		
Acetone	5800 mg/kg (Rat)	> 15800 mg/kg (rabbit) > 7400 mg/kg (rat)	76 mg/l, 4 h, (rat)		

(b) skin corrosion/irritation;	Based on available data, the classified	cation criteria are not met	
(c) serious eye damage/irritation			
Test method	OECD Test Guideline 405		
Test species rabbit C	Observation end point Irritating t	to eyes	
(d) Respiratory or skin sensitizat	tion;		
Respiratory	Based on available data, the clas	sification criteria are not met	
Skin	Based on available data, the clas		
	,		
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	Based on available data, the clas	sification criteria are not met	
Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Acetone	OECD Test Guideline 471	in vivo	negative
67-64-1(>95)	AMES test		
			-
	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vitro	negative
	Mammalian		-
	Gene cell mutation		
(f) carcinogenicity;	Based on available data, the clas	sification criteria are not met	
	There are no known carcinogenic	chemicals in this product	
	Based on available data, the clas	sification criteria are not met	
(g) reproductive toxicity;			
(b) STOT single expectitor	Catagon/ 2		
(h) STOT-single exposure;	Category 3		
Results / Target organs	Control poryous system (CNS)		
Results / Target organs	Central nervous system (CNS).		
(i) STOT repeated expective	Based on evolution data, the elec	cification criteria are not mot	
(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	Based on available data, the clas	sincation chiena are not met	
Target Organs	None known.		
(j) aspiration hazard;	Based on available data, the clas	sification criteria are not met	
Symptoms / effects. both acute	and Symptoms of overexposure may	be headache, dizziness, tirec	iness, nausea and
- /		······································	,

 Symptoms / effects, both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: delayed

 Nay cause pulmonary edema: Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

Acetone

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Acetone	LC50 = 5540 mg/l 96h		(algae; 96 h)	EC50 = 14500 mg/L/15 min

12.2. Persistence and degradability readily biodegradable

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Acetone

Persistence	Persistence Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.	
	Component	Degradability
	Acetone 67-64-1(>95)	91 % (28 d) (OECD 301 B)

12.3. Bio accumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bio concentration factor (BCF)
Acetone	-0.24	0.69
12.4. Mobility in soil	the product contains volatile organic compoun	ds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

_____the product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in air

<u>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB</u> Substance is not considered persistent, bio accumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent assessment and very bio accumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Other adverse effects	
Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
Persistent Organic Pollutant	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance
SE	ECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused Products Contaminated Packaging	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapour), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO	
<u>14.1. UN number</u>	UN1090
14.2. UN proper shipping name	ACETONE
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4. Packing group	II
ADR	
<u>14.1. UN number</u>	UN1090
14.2. UN proper shipping name	ACETONE
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3

Acetone

AICS

Х

KECL

Х

 14.4. Packing group	П
ΙΑΤΑ	
14.1. UN number	UN1090
14.2. UN proper shipping name	ACETONE
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4. Packing group	П
14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required
14.7. Transport in bulk according to	Not applicable, packaged goods
Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the	
IBC Code	

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

l	International Inventories		X = listed							
	Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC
	Acetone	200-662-2	-		Х	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

National Regulations

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Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Acetone	WGK 1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Acetone	Tableaux des maladies professionals (TMP) - RG 84

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has been conducted by the manufacturer/importer

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

Legend

Acetone

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances	 TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory al DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent, Bio accumulative, Toxic 	 TWA - Time Weighted Average IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration LD50 - Lethal Dose 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol: Water vPvB - very Persistent, very Bio accumulative
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bio concentration factor Key literature references and sources for data Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, I	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

Prepared By	Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Creation Date	28-Apr-2009
Revision Date	06-Mar-2018
Revision Summary	SDS authoring systems update, replaces ChemGes SDS No. 67-64-1.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage,

transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet