

# SAFETY DATA SHEET ULTRACRETE LINEMARKER PAINT ALL COLOURS

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1. Product identifier Product name ULTRACRETE LINEMARKER PAINT ALL COLOURS 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Linemarker Paint Identified uses 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Supplier Instarmac Group plc Danny Morson Way Birch Coppice Business Park Dordon, Tamworth Staffordshire. B78 1SE United Kingdom Tel: +44 (0) 1827 872244 Fax: +44 (0) 1827 874466 email@instarmac.co.uk www.instarmac.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

### +44 (0)7971 217 347

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical and Chemical HazardsFlam. Aerosol 1 - H222Human healthEUH066;Eye Irrit. 2 - H319;STOT SE 3 - H336EnvironmentAquatic Chronic 3 - H412Xi;R36. F+;R12. O;R5. R52/53, R66, R67.

Classification (1999/45/EEC)

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

Human health

In high concentrations, vapours and aerosol mists have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Gas or vapour is harmful on prolonged exposure or in high concentrations. Diliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents of this container is dangerous and can be fatal. In high concentrations, vapours and aerosol mists have a marcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Environment

The product contains a substance which is hazardous to aquatic organisms and which may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. See section 12.

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Aerosol containers can explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. When sprayed on a naked flame or any incandescent material the aerosol vapours can be ignited. The product is extremely flammable, and explosive vapour/air mixture may be formed even at normal room temperatures.

### 2.2. Label elements

Label In Accordance With (EC) No. 1272/2008



	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statements		
	P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
	P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
	P251	Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
	P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
	P260	Do not breathe vapour/spray.
	P262	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
	P305+351+338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
	P313	Get medical advice/attention.
	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.
Supplementary Precautionary Stater	ments	
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P261	Avoid breathing vapour/spray.
	P264	Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.
	P304+340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
	P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
	P337	If eye irritation persists:
	P403+233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
	P405	Store locked up.
	P410+412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F.
Supplemental label information		
	EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
2.3. Other hazards		

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# 3.2. Mixtures

1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE			1-10%
CAS-No.: 95-63-6	EC No.: 202-436-9		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		R10	
Acute Tox. 4 - H332		Xn;R20	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		Xi;R36/37/38	
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		N;R51/53	
STOT SE 3 - H335			
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411			
ACETONE			10-30%
CAS-No.: 67-64-1	EC No.: 200-662-2		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		F;R11	
EUH066		Xi;R36	
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		R66	
STOT SE 3 - H336		R67	

BUTANE			10-30%
CAS-No.: 106-97-8	EC No.: 203-448-7		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Gas 1 - H220		F+;R12	
BUTYL ACETATE -norm			1-10%
CAS-No.: 123-86-4	EC No.: 204-658-1		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		R10	
EUH066 STOT SE 3 - H336		R66 R67	
CUMENE			< 1 %
CAS-No.: 98-82-8	EC No.: 202-704-5		
Classification (EC 1272/2008) Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		Classification (67/548/EEC) R10	
STOT SE 3 - H335		Xn;R65	
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		Xi;R37	
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		N;R51/53	4.400/
ISOBUTANE			1-10%
CAS-No.: 75-28-5	EC No.: 200-857-2		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Gas 1 - H220		F+;R12	
MESITYLENE			< 1 %
CAS-No.: 108-67-8	EC No.: 203-604-4		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H335		R10 Xi;R37	
Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411		N;R51/53	
PROPANE			10-30%
CAS-No.: 74-98-6	EC No.: 200-827-9		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Flam. Gas 1 - H220		F+;R12	

Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aro	matic		1-10%
CAS-No.: 64742-95-6	EC No.: 265-199-0		
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		Classification (67/548/EEC)	
Not classified.		Xn;R20.	
		Xi;R36/37/38.	
		N;R51/53.	
		R10.	

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

# SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Move the exposed person to fresh air at once.

Inhalation

Provide rest, warmth and fresh air. Perform artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Get medical attention.

Indestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! Immediately rinse mouth and provide fresh air.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water.

Eye contact

Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

# SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

## Extinguishing media

Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. DO NOT use water jet. Cool aerosol containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Water spray, fog or mist. 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

# Specific hazards

Fire may produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products (see heading 10). Decomposition products may be a hazard to health. Do not allow runoff to sewer, waterway or ground. Closed containers can burst violently when heated, due to excess pressure build-up. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and in the bottom of containers. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. The product is flammable, and heating may generate vapours which may form explosive vapour/air mixtures

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

## Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Self-contained breathing apparatus. Use water SPRAY only to cool containers! Do not put water on leaked material. Water spray should be used to cool containers. Warn firefighters that aerosols are involved.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove sources of ignition. Provide adequate ventilation. Warn everybody of potential hazards and evacuate if necessary. Avoid breathing fire vapours. For personal protection, see section 8. In case of fire: Evacuate area.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be IMMEDIATELY alerted to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body. Do not allow ANY environmental contamination. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground to sources of ignition. Solvent vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Contain spillages with sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dam and absorb spillages with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Collect with absorbent, non-combustible material into suitable containers. Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements. Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. <u>6.4. Reference to other sections</u>

# SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Store in a cool place. Store in closed original container in a dry place. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray mists. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Prevent the creation of flammable pr explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the opccupational exposure limits. Aerosol containers can explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Never apply pressure to aerosol it may explode. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not spray near a naked flame or any incandescent material. <u>7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities</u>

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store at moderate temperatures in dry, well ventilated area. Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn even after use. 7.3. Specific end use(s)

### Usage Description

The accumulation of vapours in an enclosed space may result in spontaneous combustion, use only in well ventilated areas. Use responsibly and in the correct manner. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control parameters

Name	STD	TWA	- 8 Hrs	STEL	- 15 Min	Notes
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE		25 ppm	125 mg/m3			
ACETONE	WEL	500 ppm	1210 mg/m3	1500 ppm	3620 mg/m3	
BUTANE	WEL	600 ppm	1450 mg/m3	750 ppm	1810 mg/m3	
BUTYL ACETATE -norm	WEL	150 ppm	724 mg/m3	200 ppm	966 mg/m3	
CUMENE	WEL	25 ppm(Sk)	125 mg/m3(Sk)	50 ppm(Sk)	250 mg/m3(Sk)	
ISOBUTANE	OES	800 ppm		800 ppm		
PROPANE		Asphyxiating	Asphyxiating.	Asphyxiating	Asphyxiating.	
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aromatic			150			

#### WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

#### Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aromatic (CAS: 64742-95-6)

Ingredient Comments

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Process conditions

When using do not smoke.

Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. All personal protection equipment must be selected to meet the requirements of the COSHH regulations. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray mists.

Respiratory equipment

If ventilation is insufficient, suitable respiratory protection must be provided.

#### Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves if risk of skin contact. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier, who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material. They should not be applied once exposure has occured Due to the packaging form, aerosol, risk of skin contact is small. Chemical resistant gloves required for prolonged or repeated contact. Wear suitable gloves. Eye protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicated that it is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If operating conditionscause high dust concentration to be produced, use goggles. Hygiene measures

Wash hands after handling. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin. Skin protection

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water.

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Aerosol.
Colour	Varying.
Odour	Organic solvents.
Flash point	40
Auto Ignition Temperature (°C)	410-580
Flammability Limit - Lower(%)	1.8
Flammability Limit - Upper(%)	9.5
Comments	Information given concerns the major ingredient.
9.2 Other information	

9.2. Other information

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1. Reactivity

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Avoid Heat, sparks, flames. 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Aerosol containers can explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. <u>10.5. Incompatible materials</u>

#### Materials To Avoid

Strong oxidising substances. Strong alkalis. Strong acids. <u>10.6. Hazardous decomposition products</u>

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours. Oxides of: Carbon. Nitrogen.

#### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### General information

Deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents of this container is dangerous and can be fatal.

#### Inhalation

In high concentrations, vapours are narcotic and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Unconsciousness, possibly death.

### Skin contact

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Eye contact

Irritating to eyes. Spray and vapour in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting. Repeated exposure may cause chronic eye irritation.

### Health Warnings

Arrhythmia, (deviation from normal heart beat). In high concentrations, vapours and spray mists are narcotic and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Route of entry Inhalation.

Target Organs Central nervous system Respiratory system, lungs Medical Symptoms Arrhythmia, (deviation from normal heart beat). Narcotic effect. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Skin irritation.

# SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Ecotoxicity

There are no data on the ecotoxicity of this product. The product contains a substance which is harmful to aquatic organisms and which may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. The Air Pollution Control requirements made uder the Environmental Protection Act may apply to this product.

12.1. Toxicity

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

# SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### General information

Do not puncture or incinerate even when empty.

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not puncture or incinerate even when empty.

### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<u>14.1. UN number</u>		
UN No. (ADR/RID/ADN)	1950	
UN No. (IMDG)	1950	
UN No. (ICAO)	1950	
14.2. UN proper shipping name		
Proper Shipping Name	Aerosols	
Proper Shipping Name	Aerosols	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR/RID/ADN Class	2.1	
ADR/RID/ADN Class	Class 2.1: Flammable gases.	
ADR Label No.	2.1	
IMDG Class	2.1	
Transport Labels		



14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

14.6. Special precautions for user

EMS F-D, S-U

Tunnel Restriction Code (D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

# SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Uk Regulatory References

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004 Chemicals (Hazard Information & Packaging) Regulations. Environmental Listing

Control of Pollution Act 1974.

Approved Code Of Practice

Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations. Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for Supply. EU Legislation

Dangerous Substance Directive 67/548/EEC. Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, including amendments. National Regulations

Workplace Exposure Limits 2005 (EH40) The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2007 (CDG 2007).

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

General information

If further information on training is required contact Instarmac Group plc

	ining to required contact metalinate creap pro
Revision Date	19/12/2014
Revision	10
Supersedes date	19/12/2014
Risk Phrases In Full	
R12	Extremely flammable.
R10	Flammable.
R20	Harmful by inhalation.
R52/53	Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R5	Heating may cause an explosion.
R11	Highly flammable
R36/37/38	Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
R36	Irritating to eyes.
R37	Irritating to respiratory system.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Hazard Statements In Full	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Disclaimer

The purpose of the above information is to describe the products only in terms of health and safety requirements. This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. It is the users obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date specified.

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